2019

B.Sc.

3rd Semester Examination

GEOGRAPHY (Honours)

Paper - C 6-T

(Statistical Method in Geography)

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

Answer any five questions:

5×2=10

- 1. What is frequency density?
- 2. Define quota sampling.
- 3. How is census different from sample survey?
- 4. Define variance.
- 5. Distinguish between variable and constant.

[Turn Over]

- 6. Define residuals.
- 7. Mention the use of moving average.
- 8. What is meant by 'Zero Correlation'?

Group - B

Answer any four questions:

 $4 \times 5 = 20$

- Distinguish between correlation and regression. What is 'Probable Error'?
- 10. "Arithmatic Mean (\overline{X}) is the ideal central tendency comparing to Median (Me) and Mode (Mo)." Critically analyse the statement.

Establish the relation between Quartile and Percentile. 3+2

- 11. Write the uses of Rank Correlation Co-efficient.
 - What is tied rank and how it is solved in correlation analysis? 2+(1+2)
- Highlight the properties of a standard normal curve.
 Mention its applications.
- 13. Briefly discuss major sources of statistical data collection.

 Write the merits of sampling. Discuss the methods of random sampling.

Group - C

Answer any one question:

 $1 \times 10 = 10$

- 15. What is curve fitting? State the significance of curve fitting in regression analysis? Mention different types of curve fittings generally used in statistics with proper illustration.
 2+3+5
- What is Central Tendency? Describe the advantages and limitations of Arithmetic mean, Median and Mode.