

# বিদ্যাসাগর বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

## **Question Paper**

### **B.Sc. Honours Examinations 2022**

(Under CBCS Pattern)
Semester - IV

**Subject: CHEMISTRY** 

Paper: SEC 2-T

Full Marks: 25
Time: 2 Hours

Candiates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### (Basic Analytical Chemistry)

#### Group - A

1.	(a)	Calculate the standard deviation for the following results from the analysis of a
		water sample.

Iron content (%): 7.08, 7.21, 7.12, 7.09, 7.16, 7.14, 7.07, 7.14, 7.18, 7.11. 3

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

2

- (b) Mention two micronutrient of soil.
- 2. (a) Explain the separation of Lanthanides by ion exchange method.
  - (b) What do you mean by sampling?
- 3. (a) Discuss the functions of the following substances in food industry: citric acid, sodium benzoate, follic acid.
  - (b) Distinguish between accuracy and precision.

Answer any two questions:

		Group - B	
Ans	wer an	ny <i>one</i> question:	15×1=15
4.	(a)	A loss of 0.4 mg of Al occurs in the course of analysis of the element. the percentage error due to this loss, if the weight of Al in the samp mg.	
	(b)	Mention two applications of TLC.	3
	(c)	How can you detect the alkaline nature of a soil sample? How oneutralised?	can it be
	(d)	Mention two sources responsible for contaminating water.	2
	(e)	Express the result with significant figures : $25.4623 + 0.620 - 8.14302$	2
	(f)	What is relative error?	1
5.	(a)	$R_{\rm f}$ values of three amino acids A1, A2 and A3 are 0.15, 0.34 are respectively. Discuss the position of these amino acids during TLC separately.	
	(b)	Name two materials with which column bed (stationary phase) is prepa	red. 3
	(c)	Discuss the principle of deterination of ion-exchange capacity of cation resin.	exchange 3
	(d)	What is standard deviation?	3
	(e)	What is meant by DO of an water sample?	3
		Or,	
		(Chemistry of Cosmetics and Perfumes)	
		Group - A	
Ans	wer an	ny <i>two</i> questions:	5×2=10
1.	Defi	ine SPF. Write any one method to measure SPF.	5
2.	Desc	cribe the steps involved in the manufacturing of soaps.	5
3.	Write	te short notes (any two):	
	(a)	Antidandruff shampoo	
	(b)	Importance of eucalyptus oil and rose oil	
	(c)	Preparation of face powders	2×2.5=5

		Group - B	
Ans	swer an	y <i>one</i> question:	15×1=15
4.	(a)	Discuss the raw materials used in the formulation of skin care cosmo	etic products.
	(b)	What are hair dyes? Classify and write its ideal properties.	
	(c)	What are the properties of a good hair remover?	8+5+2=15
5.	(a)	Classify rheology modifiers and humectants used in cosmetic applications.	s. Write its
	(b)	List the chemicals used in the coloring of hair and discuss their chemicals	nistry.
	(c)	Differentiate between vanishing creams and cold creams. Write their	preparation. 8+3+4=15
		Or,	
		(Pesticide Chemistry)	
		Group - A	
A.A	ttempt	tany <i>two</i> of the following questions: $5 \times 2 = 10$	
1.	(i)	What are natural and synthetic pesticides? Give one example of each	ch. (2+1)
	(ii)	What are the environmental effects of pesticides ?	2
2.	(i)	Why do we need pesticides ?	2
	(ii)	Draw the chemical structures of two organochlorine pesticides.	2
	(iii)	Write down the name of the first organic pesticide, used commercial	ly. 1
3.	(i)	What is meant by a botanical pesticide?	2
	(ii)	What are DDD and DDE ?	2
	(iii)	Write down chemical structure of Gammaxene.	1
		Group - B	
B.	Atte	empt any <i>one</i> of the following questions:	1×15=15
1.	(i)	Write down the uses of Alachlor.	3
	(ii)	How would you prepare Butachlor from 2, 6-diethylaniline ?	3

	(iii)	Discuss the major alternatives to traditional pesticides.	8
	(iv)	What is LD <sub>50</sub> ?	1
2.	(i)	What are the benefits of pesticides toward human civilization?	6
	(ii)	What is biopesticide?	2
	(iii)	Which chemical properties of DDT and its metabolites are responsible presence in arctic air, water and organism?	e for their
	(iv)	Organophosphates are called synaptic poisons. Justify this name.	2
	(v)	Briefly describe the chemical synthesis of Parathion.	3
		Or,	
		(Fuel Chemistry)	
Full	Marks	S: 40 Time	e:2 Hours
		Group - A	
Ans	wer an	y <b>four</b> questions :	5×4=20
Ans	(a)	y <i>four</i> questions:  Compare two advantages and disadvantages of solid, liquid and gaseou	
		8.0	
	(a)	Compare two advantages and disadvantages of solid, liquid and gaseou	s fuels. 3
1.	(a) (b)	Compare two advantages and disadvantages of solid, liquid and gaseou What is benzol? Mention its use.	s fuels. 3
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<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	<ul><li>(a)</li><li>(b)</li><li>(a)</li><li>(b)</li><li>(a)</li></ul>	Compare two advantages and disadvantages of solid, liquid and gaseou What is benzol? Mention its use.  Why should coal be gasified?  What is bio-gas? Write the composition of bio-gas?  What is carbonization of coal? Differentiate between high ten carbonization (HTC) and low temperature carbonization (LTC).  What is C.N.G.? Give its use.	s fuels. 3 2 2 3 nperature 3
<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	<ul><li>(a)</li><li>(b)</li><li>(a)</li><li>(b)</li><li>(a)</li><li>(b)</li><li>(a)</li></ul>	Compare two advantages and disadvantages of solid, liquid and gaseou What is benzol? Mention its use.  Why should coal be gasified?  What is bio-gas? Write the composition of bio-gas?  What is carbonization of coal? Differentiate between high ten carbonization (HTC) and low temperature carbonization (LTC).  What is C.N.G.? Give its use.  Define cloud point and pour point of a lubricant.	s fuels. 3 2 2 3 nperature 3 2

	6.	(a)	What is calorific value? Mention the C.G.S. and S.I. units of calorific value gaseous fuel.	alue of
		(b)	Why net calorific value is less than gross calorific value?	2
			Group - B	
Answer any <i>two</i> questions:				
	7.	(a)	MoS <sub>2</sub> is a solid lubricant-discuss its structure and uses.	3
		(b)	Name two additives which improve the quality of lubricants.	2
		(c)	What is coal tar? Mention two chemicals and their uses which are obduring fractionation of coal tar?	otained 3
		(d)	What are the criteria for selection of coal for metallurgical purposes ?	2
	8.	(a)	Discuss about different fractions obtained from fractional distillation of petroleum mentioning their composition, boiling range and uses.	crude 5
		(b)	What is oil gas? Mention its use.	2
		(c)	Describe the manufacture of bio-gas from waste materials.	3
	9.	(a)	Why is calorific value of coal gas higher than that of producer gas ?	2
		(b)	Name two lead-free anti-knock compounds.	2
		(c)	What is gasohol?	2
		(d)	Why a good solid fuel must have low ash content?	2
		(e)	What are the main constituents of L.P.G. ?	2
	10.	Write	e notes on :	
		(a)	catalytic cracking	
		(b)	octane number	
		(c)	proximate analysis	
		(d)	renewable energy	2½×4